

UNION COUNTY STAR AND LEWISBURG CHRONICLE.

BY O. N. WORDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 27, 1863.

"THE UNION," established in 1814—Whole No., 2,610.

"CHRONICLE," established in 1843—Whole No., 989.

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY—
Tuesday Morning & Friday Afternoon.

Maj. Thos. Chamberlin paid a flying visit home this week.

Jacob Gibbons, of Lewisburg, has received an honorable discharge from the 142d P. V. in consequence of physical disability.

On Tuesday morning of this week, Wm. L. Nesbit, of Chillisqueque, shot a swan of the following dimensions: length from bill to end of tail, 4 feet 2 inches; width from tip to tip of the wings, 6 feet 8 inches; weight a little less than 16 pounds. It is perfectly white except bill, feet and legs, which are black.

SNYDER COUNTY WITHOUT A SHERIFF.—It is with pain and regret, says the *Weekly Tribune*, that we announce the death of Sheriff Bause. He died after an illness of three weeks, of typhoid fever, on Sunday the 15th inst.

Snyder county is therefore literally without a sheriff. The coroner, upon whom devolves the duties of sheriff in such cases, by law, is absent in the army, the Governor will therefore appoint a sheriff to serve until the next General Election.

Spring Elections, concluded.

NIFFLINBURG.—Judge, Henry Gast; Inspectors, Joseph M. Bowers and Enos Weirman; Burgess, James H. Young; Town Council, Daniel Moss, H. G. Wolf, John Gast and John Reizhard; School Directors, R. T. Barber, John M. Taylor and Joshua Weiser; Constable, William Gotschal; Assessor, William Crocker; Supervisors, Samuel Gotschen and G. W. Mader; Overseers of the Poor, Wm. Foster, Esq., and Benjamin Miller.

WEST BUFFALO.—Judge, George Zeller; Inspectors, William Clapham, Samuel Young, Auditor, Samuel Shoemaker; Assessor, George E. Sheary; School Directors, Samuel Shoemaker, Jos. Dieffenderfer; Supervisors, John Englehart, Joseph Klingman; Constable, Robert Taylor; Overseers, John C. Oberdorf, Wm. Biechler; Justice of the Peace, Elias Kaup.

LIMESTONE.—Judge, John R. Mench; Inspectors, Thomas V. Barber, Jonathan Sanders; Auditor, Wm. Katherman; Assessor, Valentin Walter; School Directors, Christopher Seobold, John Rinkard; Supervisors, John Seobold, Peter Wehr; Constable, Christian Dauberman; Overseers of the Poor, Emanuel Walter, Daniel Seobold; Township Clerk, J. S. Raudenbush.

HARTLEY.—Judge, Thomas M'Curdy; Inspectors, Robert Watson, Daniel Wagner; School Directors, R. V. B. Lincoln, Samuel Corl; Overseers, Joshua Knerr, John Frederick; Constable, John Kline; Supervisors, William Fees, Samuel Mox; Auditor, Charles P. Emery.

BUFFALO.—Judge, John Rangler; Inspectors, A. J. Rishel, David Slier; Assessor, P. Rubl; Constable, Wm. Heiser; Overseers, P. Renner, M. D. Reed; Supervisors, Andrew Rubl, Edward Culp; Town Clerk, Dr. J. F. Harvey; Auditor, Jacob H. Smith; School Directors, Wm. Steens, Thos. H. Cornelius.

EAST BUFFALO.—Judge, John A. Aund Inspectors, John W. Brown, Samuel Y. Miller; Assessor, Alex. Pany; Constable, Benj. Wiegarden; Overseers, Daniel Miller, Benjamin Brown; Supervisors, Samuel Noll, Jacob Brown; Clerk, Michael Wolf; Auditor, Wm. L. Harris; School Directors, Ab. Aund, David Seobold.

HARTLETON.—Judge, W. F. Wilson; Inspectors, Wm. F. Meyer, Elias Orwig; Assessor, Daniel Long; Constable, Wm. Kling; Overseers, S. C. Wit, David Fillman; Clerk, Henry Styers; Auditor, Samuel Haupt; School Directors, Philip Witmer, Henry Katherman, W. F. Seobold; Burgess, Josiah Koon; Councilmen, Christian Dale, John Dale, John F. Charles, Joseph Samsel, Hiram Border; High Constable, Samuel Weiser.

KELLY.—Judge, Levi Pauling; Inspectors, Levi Moll, David Leiby; Assessor, Philip Stabl; Constable, Isaac Moore; Overseers, Henry Kieffer, Peter Guyer; Supervisors, Adam Herbst, George Baker; Auditors, J. W. Kaufman, Jacob Heintz, G. A. Stahl; School Directors, Jacob Roudsbaugh, Thos. Cingam.

LEWIS.—Judge, John Hower; Inspectors, Jacob Fillman, Edward Yercer; Assessor, Charles Ruhl; Constable, Wm. Clingman; Justice of the Peace, Solomon Hoffman; Overseers, Anthony LeFevre, George Kleokner; Supervisors, Geo. Ruhl, Noah Ringman; Clerk, John Reish; Auditor, Charles Swengle; School Directors; Jacob Spigelwer, Thomas Shipman.

NEW BERLIN.—Judge, John Herbst; Inspector, Wm. R. Stearnack; Assessor, C. D. Roush; Constable, John Lebkicher; Justice of the Peace, H. R. Dellinger; Overseers, Jos. Kieckner, Jos. Winter; Auditor, John D. Spitzer; School Directors, Wm. Bender, Emanuel Snyder; Burgess, D. Heckendorf; Councilmen, Jos. Orwig, John Winter, Jas. Seobold, Milton Cornelius, David Koonay.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT, (part Union and part Snyder).—Judge, Wm. Miller; Inspector, Jacob C. Ulrich, James L. Benfer; School Directors, Michael Old, Abram Byer, Joseph Kemple.

—In the South Ward, Lewisburg, Samuel Roush was elected Inspector over C. C. Shorkley, he having received 22 votes and Shorkley 9. The names of two candidates were printed on the regular ticket, one to be voted, the other erased. Many overlooked this, and voted the ticket without erasing a name; consequently, both names were thrown out. The Democrats, taking advantage of this oversight, secretly ran and elected Mr. Roush.

Revenue Board.

This body is called, once in three years, to equalize the taxes, as near as may be, between the different counties of the State—just as County Commissioners seek to equalize the taxes between the different Townships and Boroughs of the same county. Hon. Henry D. Moore, the State Treasurer, acts as President of the Board, which has appointed eight officers to wait upon it. The members of the Board (appointed by the Judges of the several Judicial Districts), are as follows:

1. Alex. Cummings, Philadelphia.
2. Jacob B. Tshudy, Lancaster.
3. David Lowry, Northampton &c.
4. Wm. C. Healy, Elk, M'Keen, &c.
5. Thos. J. Bigham, Allegheny.
6. Joseph Brown, Crawford.
7. H. Applebaugh, Bucks.
8. Wm. H. Kase, Northumb'd, &c.
9. Abram Bessler, Cumberland, &c.
10. John Fausold, Westmore'd, &c.
11. Geo. P. Steele, Luzerne.
12. A. O. Heister, Da. and Leb.
13. Myron M. Mott, Susq. and Brad.
14. Adam H. Ecker, Washington.
15. Wm. B. Waddell, Chester.
16. Moses A. Ross, Somerset, &c.
17. Thomas Pomroy, Lawrence, &c.
18. M'Keen, Mercer.
19. H. A. Picking, Adams.
20. Chas. Gudkunst, Union, &c.
21. Isaac E. Nice, Schuylkill.
22. M. H. Dreher, Monroe, &c.
23. J. Hagenman, Berks.
24. Samuel Galvin, Blair, &c.
25. John T. Hoover, Columbia, &c.
26. Michael Meyler, Sullivan, &c.

The returns from the various Counties were examined, first, by Committees, who waded through various tremendous columns of figures—comparisons, aggregates, averages, per centages, and various other Arabic contrivances to bother the brains of honest people. Counties which neglected or refused to answer the interrogatories, which had been propounded as a basis upon which to arrive at conclusions, were estimated at say ten per cent. increase.

It is well known that one Assessor will return property at much higher rates than another man who is equally honest. Whole counties, also, it has been found, approximate nearer than others to actual values. To arrive at a uniform and equitable rule, inquiries were instituted, for the purpose of ascertaining, during a term of years, how near lands were taxed to the sums they brought at orphans' court sales. Sheriff's sales we think, would have been a fairer platform. But orphans' court sales were taken as the basis. The results—100 being the standard—were as follows in a few counties:

Delaware (highest) 71—100ths
Union and Snyder 70
All the other counties came down, some as low as between 30 and 40—that is, they were taxed 30 to 70 per cent. below what they sold for at orphans' court sales—assuming the returns to be correct, and the test to be a fair one. So the good old Republican counties of Delaware, Union and Snyder stand A. No. 1 in making honest and up-to-the-mark returns.

The aggregate increase made by the Board to the taxable valuation of Pennsylvania, is about TWENTY MILLIONS OF DOLLARS, making, it is said, an addition of \$60,000 per year to the aggregate of taxes.

Union, Snyder, and a few other counties were not increased in valuation, it being evident that they were already rated the highest, proportionally, of any. Gen. Kase, of Northumberland, did move to add \$179,000 to Union's 3 per cent. list, but with our county map before them) Mr. Gudkunst was able to show that in tax-paying we were already "high enough up in the world." Our people are estimated at more than one third per head over those of our adjoining counties—and although our average wealth is very probable some greater, there is not so wide a difference as that. But it is hard work to reduce the figures a county puts down for itself—and so the Board seems to have paid us a high compliment: they made Delaware, Union and Snyder THE STANDARD, and brought the other Counties UP TO THEM, at least measurably.

Thus, practically, while ours are not increased, the majority of counties are increased, some very largely.

I give, in a table, the valuation established for our own and adjoining counties.

County	Population	Valuation	Per head
Union	33,820,620	\$18,419,140	\$500
Snyder	2,654,828	32,425	0 5
Lycoming	4,975,000	25,987	0 25
Northumb'd	6,000,000	70,664	5,000 26
Center	4,172,445	33,361	0 66

Now let us see how much per head this valuation averages.

County	Population	Valuation	Per head
Union	14,800	\$3,378,229	\$226
Snyder	15,025	2,686,258	179
Lycoming	37,389	4,476,660	131
Northumb'd	28,222	5,476,860	1189
Center	27,000		165

—The Board adjourned, last week, after nearly a month's session, for which they received \$6 per day and "stationery." They appeared to be intelligent, sharp business men, and have done a good work. Were it not for the war, their additions of taxable property would warrant a tax-release of another half mill on real estate, and perhaps that will be done as it is. We do not know as they took any action on the Report of the Commissioners to revise

the Revenue Code—that is Legislation proper, and this Board's duties are defined under existing laws. There seems to be no disposition in the Legislature to take up that able, well-digested report of the Commissioners, which seems likely to prove an abortion.

HARRISBURG CORRESPONDENCE.

MONDAY, March 23.

The election for Mayor still attracts attention in Harrisburg. Roumfort's majority, I believe, 43—and it is intended by some to contest his election on the ground of fraudulent voting. The State Librarian, School Superintendent, and other Officers in power under Lincoln and Curtis, it is stated, could easily have elected the Union candidate, and thus given a mighty impetus towards National success, from the Capital of the State. It is acknowledged by all that had our party began to work a few days earlier, they could have swept the city. We must work, and organize so as to reach every man, to carry the Free States and save the Nation.

Our friends in Lebanon and Easton report that they carried those boroughs, (usually against us,) and that wherever they worked intelligently and manfully, they are encouraged by the result.

Re-chartering Banks.—In the Senate, the evening session was prolonged until 10 1/2 o'clock, upon a general discussion of the policy of re-chartering banks. Several of the very best banks in the State, with charters yet covering two or three years, are asking for a re-charter of their banks for terms of 15 to 20 years. The Senate Committee report them for five years only. The policy is to bring all Banks to banking upon the U. S. stock—in other words, to make our national indebtedness the basis of our currency for many years to come.

This evening, Mr. Lowry, (Rep.) of Erie said his convictions of our impolitic system of banking, and of the necessity of our saving the National credit, and thus sustaining our National arms, compelled him to vote against every extension of a Bank charter on the old plan; and hoped the Governor would veto every such bill.

Mr. Kinsey (Dem.) of Bucks, argued that the Banks had stood by the Government, with most material aid, in her hour of peril, and that the people—the most loyal of the people—while petitioning for re-charting, had never sent one remonstrance against them.

Mr. Wilson (Rep.) of Tioga said no one had petitioned the Legislature in favor of the immigration of negroes, yet thousands had remonstrated against it. The petitions for these Banks were mostly from those who had some sort of interest in them. Here were 20 or 25 Senators, each of whom had feelings for particular banks, who would unite their votes for re-charting all; whereas, were all these banks in one district, but few outside of that district would vote for them. If called to speak upon the point his district would almost unanimously remonstrate against any except the Free Banking or the National Banking system. He also hoped the Governor would rise to the occasion, and stop this mode of banking, which could not be done to soon.

Mr. M'Sherry (Dem.) of Adams defended the Bank of Chambersburg which had the entire confidence of all the community. It was argued (by the same one) that the too sudden changing of the banking system, would create much confusion, and rather embarrass the Government, and the banks calling in all their dues and in that way be disadvantageous.

Mr. Turrell (Rep.) of Susquehanna stated, that while he felt disinclined to vote against friends who represented good Banks, yet he thought two or three years sufficient time for any or all of them to settle up their affairs, and to prepare for that system of National Banking, which he deemed best, in all respects.

On the final vote, the four Philadelphians, and five other Members voted against the Bank, and 19 or 20 in its favor. Only two Democrats—Donovan of Philad. and Wallace of Clearfield (where is a Free Bank) voted against the Bill. So the Democracy is now totally reversed from its ancient policy, and is the Bank party! How changed is the Democracy! formerly foremost for Liberty, for War, and against Banks—now foremost for Slavery, for Peace, and for Banks! Jefferson and Jackson would not own such a party, if alive in this great day.

The bill donating the interest of the National appropriation for Agriculture, to the Agricultural College of Pennsylvania, near Bellefonte, passed finally.

TUESDAY, March 24.
A petition was to-day presented, from a citizen of Philadelphia, in favor of preventing the immigration of persons with red hair on account of their known pugnacious and disagreeable qualities.

Shipmasters.—Certain evil-disposed parties in Senator Wilson's district having commenced suits against honest men who in the recent emergency issued illegal notes for currency, in accordance with a supposed necessity and general desire of

the people, he introduced a bill relieving them of all legal liabilities in the case. This would settle every petty persecution that might be got up by personal enemies all over the State—and in the Legislature have, for two years in succession, almost unanimously, excused the Banks for violations of laws in non-payment of specie, and have relieved them from the penalty thereby incurred—it might have been supposed this lesser offence could have also been overlooked in the circumstances of the case. Men who honestly redeem this paper money, have committed no moral offence; they have simply disregarded a regulation respecting a point of currency, prohibited by a statute. Yet Mr. Kinsey, and the majority of the Senate, could not find it consistent with their views of duty as sworn Senators to remove this liability. Bank directors are all pardoned, over and over again; but honest merchants and their whose moral or legal offence is less heinous and illegal, are left exposed to every sharper, malignant foe, or mercenary speculator, who may seek their ruin. On examination and reflection, I see not how any Senator could say Nay to a general bill upon this subject, even if they voted against a local bill of the same sort.

In the preparation of the Appropriation Bill in the House. Mr. Laporte (Rep.) of Bradford moved to reduce the pay of the Members and Senators from \$700 to \$500 for the session. Mr. Beck (Dem.) of Lycoming moved to increase the pay from \$700 to \$1000, which was carried. But on voting for that proposition as amended, it was voted down.

WEDNESDAY, March 25.
The Senate reconsidered the vote releasing from fines those who have issued illegal notes for change. It also, in the case of the Bank at Bristol, refused to recharter for a larger term than five years.

The General Bill legalizing taxes, &c., by county, borough, and township authorities, was passed in the Senate at last. As it was somewhat amended, I will not attempt to give its provisions, and the vote upon it, until it appears officially.

The House held an afternoon session devoted to the passage of the Black Bill. Hopkins of Washington, as if he saw the effect of certain inhuman features of the bill, tried to soften them down, but the majority of his party voted against any amelioration of it. The bill finally passed by 50 votes to 40—4 Democrats and 6 Republicans absent—all the former voting for, and the latter against, the barbarous, unchristian, and unconstitutional partisan dodge, unworthy of the Dark Ages, and appealing to the lowest and meanest passions and prejudices of the most of our people. Two men voted Yes who, occasionally pretend to preach the Gospel of the God of love, and take the name of the Savior of men upon their lips in the form of public prayer. They are Nelson of Wayne and Wakefield of Westmoreland—men, who, if in the sacred desk instead of slaves to Party, would have shuddered at such an assault upon the rights of humanity. There is no danger that the Senate will disgrace Pennsylvania by the passage of such a law, and the 50 who voted for it do not expect it to pass— they only want it to play "Nigger" on another year.

Patriotic Symptons.—As if ashamed of their refusal to grant the use of the Hall of the House to Gov. Johnson and Ex-Gov. Wright, the same Hall was unanimously granted to Miss KATE DEAN, of Thomkins Co., N. Y., to give Union songs. I am told she has been among the armies and hospitals, for the past year, doing what she could to encourage and animate the soldiers by patriotic and sentimental songs. She is a stout hearty looking lady, and wears shoulder straps, and the buttons indicative of some rank in the army. Speaker Cassin presided. She had a grand audience, who cheered her heartily, except that "Father Abraham" and a few others failed to touch the echoing hearts of some scowling chaps who looked as if they might be Copperheads.

Quite a rain last night, and warm this morning. Butter in the Harrisburg market was 40 cents; chickens sold for \$1 a pair, and a pair of turkeys brought \$3. I know of no place where marketing is so high, in a rich farming community, as it is in Harrisburg—neither can I account for it. But I am satisfied that there is a careless, improvident, hand-to-mouth way of living, that allows extortion, and promotes poverty. Hundreds of families never lay by a bushel of potatoes or a quarter of meat in their season; they buy from day to day, and are therefore, from the craving of an existing appetite, at the mercy of the seller: every market morning you may see poor, weak women lagging home every morsel of provision for the coming days, instead of buying more or less by the quantity and saving thereby money, time and labor.

Dead.—Monday night or Tuesday morning, a sick man coming to Harrisburg from Baltimore, asked to lean upon the shoulder of a passenger, who granted him leave. The sick man gave his name as CHARLES L. NOLL—said he was from Lewisburg—was sick with disease of lungs—had been in the army as a dregatoryist—only wanted to get home to die. He was taken to Ten Eyck's U. S. Hotel, near

the Railroad, kindly cared for, and Col. Slifer was sent for, who secured the attention of Dr. Rutherford, but the poor man died before noon. Notice was telegraphed to Lewisburg, before his death of his condition.

[He was nearly 21 years of age, a son of Henry Noll of Buffalo township, who brought his remains home for interment, yesterday.—Ed.]

Small—very small business.—On confirming the nomination of Mr. Forney for State Librarian, the Democrats all voted Nay. I doubt whether one of our party voted against Dr. DeWitt's confirmation, when a Republican Governor had the weakness to continue him; but DeWitt is no more competent than Forney. Let the majority, or those in power, have what belongs to them. These Senators would doubtless vote Yes on the nomination of Barrow. They always stand by their men, and our officials would do well by doing the same.

THURSDAY, March 26.
Both houses have agreed to adjourn on Wednesday the 15th day of April, making a session of one hundred days in all. Of course the "scribes" will henceforth be kept busy, day and night.

In Senate, this afternoon, on motion of Mr. Lambertson of Clarion the assessed valuation of that county was virtually altered to its former figure—on the allegation that that county was not "properly represented" in the Board of Revenue Commissioners, the first man appointed to the Board having died, and the second (I suppose) being from some other county in the district. Every county cannot have a member, and that county was respectably represented. If every county because it was raised in value had no "proper representative," over sixty will have to be reduced! Better let it alone!

GREAT ROBBERY.—On Wednesday night of last week, as the Northern Coal Railway train was passing near Cooksylville, Md., the safe of the Adams Express Company was thrown out of its car. It contained a great amount of treasure, for which a reward of \$5,000 was offered. On Sunday, the safe was found in a mill-race, there being in it still a large amount of Government bonds, certificates and checks, well soaked with water—but some \$50,000 of Treasury notes and gold coin were gone, and no track is yet had of them. It was a grand haul, and the Company will probably lose a large sum, through the absence of the Agent from the car where he belonged.

LIBERAL.—Maj. Henry White, Republican Senator from Indiana and Armstrong Co.'s Pa., has sent his whole year's salary (\$700) to be divided equally between those counties, and added to the fund for the relief of the families of the soldiers fighting for the Union.

Last December, the U. S. Mint, it is said coined over four million of cents. At this rate there must be a fashion of hoarding away copper as well as silver, gold, and Government currency and greenbacks.

Gov. Seymour has united heartily with the Republicans of the New York Legislature, in framing "An act to encourage re-enlistment of volunteers and the enlistment of persons into regiments hereafter to be formed." It provides for a bounty of from \$50 to \$100 to be paid by the State.

An East Tennessee Hunter, the Nashville Union says, has collected about five hundred men in the mountains, who can pick a squirrel off a top of the tallest oak with their long rifles. They are ambushing the Rebel cavalry at all points, and wiping out whole squads of them with astonishing celerity.

SYRACUSE, March 21.—Major-Gen. E. V. Sumner died this morning at the residence of his son-in-law, Col. Seall, of congestion of the lungs. He was sick for a few days only.

Tuesday Morning's News.
SOUTHWEST PASS, La., March 15.—Com. Farragut, leading in the Hartford, passed the Port Hudson light with his fleet. The steamer Mississippi grounded, was abandoned and burned. The army is within five miles of the rebel works. The cavalry are skirmishing.

A dispatch from Paris, Ky., says the rebels surrounded and captured 200 of our men, at Mt. Sterling, after a sharp fight.

Latest News
A Memphis dispatch says that Farragut discovered the Indianola at Hard Times bend, and recaptured her without resistance.—It is rumored that the rebel batteries at Haines' bluff have been flanked thro' the new route to the Yazoo river.

After a brisk skirmish, nine miles from Nashville, on the 24th, 300 Federals and a large amount of stores were captured by Wheeler's cavalry.

A Union force came to the rescue, and re-captured prisoners and stores, together with 50 secess prisoners.

Gen. Burnside has taken command of the Department of the Ohio. The rebels are planning an invasion of Kentucky, and Gen. B., with his (9th) army corps, will be promptly on hand to checkmate them.

—Our armies on the Rappahannock, Mississippi, Cumberland, and at Charleston are rapidly preparing for active operations; and as soon as the spring storms subside, we may expect decisive results.

All accounts agree that throughout Rebbolden there is fearful dearth, amounting to almost absolute famine, especially at Richmond.

PUBLIC SALES.

Advertised in the "Chronicle" or Bills at this office.

Mar. 27.—Personal Property of E. Chamberlin, Lewisburg Mar. 28.—Merchandise of F. D. Schaeffer, Lewisburg April 1.—Personal Property of G. Schaeffer, Lewisburg April 2.—Household Goods of Mrs. Maria M. Graham, dec'd, Lewisburg—at 1 o'clock.

LEWISBURG MARKET.

Wheat	\$1.35	Eggs	\$ 14
Rye	80	Tallow	10
Corn, old	75	Lard	10
Oats	50	Pork	5 1/2
Flaxseed	2.50	Clover seed	5.00
Dried Apples	\$1.00	Wool	40 to 50
Firkin Butter	12	Potatoes	62
Fresh Butter	20	Sides & Shoulder	1
Rags	4, 5, and 6	Ribs & Shoulder	6
Country Soap	4 & 6	Ham	18

COMPARISONS.—It is useless to deny that the masses of the people have a deep-seated and settled confidence in "Sarsaparilla," as an alternative remedy. Notwithstanding this confidence has of late years been abused by many preparations claiming to possess its virtues but really with none at all, still the people believe in its intrinsic value as a remedy, because they have known its cure. The rage for large bottles at low prices, has called into market many compounds of Sarsaparilla, which contain scarcely any of it, or even any medicinal virtues whatever. Yet everybody knows that Sarsaparilla is the great staple antidote for Scrofula, Eruptions, and cutaneous diseases, and the purification of the blood, when they can get the real article, or an actual extract of it. Such we are now able to inform they can obtain. Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., the celebrated chemists of the East, whose reputation assures us they do well whatever they undertake, are selling a Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla, which, although the bottles do not contain quarts, for a dollar, do contain more of actual curative power than whole gallons of the stuffs which have been in use. It is asserted that one bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla contains more than double the amount of medicinal virtue, which is afforded by any other. This fact is not only apparent to the taste, but its effects and cures afford irrefragable proof that it is true. Such a remedy has been long sought for, and is every where needed by all classes of our community.—"Age," Cynthiana, Ky.

MARRIED.

In Jersey Shore, on the 18th inst. by Rev. Robert Berr, JOSEPH M. WATERS and MISS LIZZIE BERRS, both of Lewisburg.

DIED.

In Lewisburg, 26th inst., HENRY DENTLE, son of James K. and Mary A. Mackay, aged 21 days. (Funeral tomorrow, Saturday) at 10 o'clock. Friends to attend.

In Millburg, suddenly, on the 23d inst., JAMES, son of Benjamin and — Miller, aged about 15 years and 10 months.

Mrs. NEAR, wife of David Neel, residing near this city, was buried on Tuesday. She died of paralysis, and Mrs. N. was a woman much beloved by all who knew her; she lived a life of usefulness, and has gone now to reap a rich reward.—"Prospect" (N.Y.) Journal, 1863.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE late residence of Maj. WILLIAM A. FRICK, consisting of a message and two lots, OF GRONK, on the corner of Market and North Third Streets, Lewisburg, For Terms apply to J. F. & J. B. LINN, March 27, 1863.

ESTATE OF Mrs. Maria M. Graham dec'd.

J. PETERS Testatorary on the Estate of Mrs. MARIA M. GRAHAM, late of Lewisburg borough, Union county, having been granted to John G. Buggs, all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them for settlement to JOHN G. BOGGS, Executor, at A. H. DILL, his Attorney, March 26, 1863.

ANNUAL APPEALS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Annual Appeals of Union county will be held in the Commissioners' office, on the 13th of April, for persons where a division or increase has occurred since the last valuation, or where the persons taxed came to reside since the last assessment. Those interested can attend if they see proper. By Commissioners, A. KENNEDY, Clerk, March 27, 1863.

PUBLIC SALES.

On Saturday, March 28, 1863, THE subscriber will offer a large lot of Household and Kitchen Furniture at Public Sale, at her residence, consisting of Bedsteads, Bureaus, Sofas, Chairs, Tables, Looking Glasses, Stoves, Garden Implements, Cows, Pigs, &c., &c.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock. Terms.—Under \$8, cash; over, 6 months' credit, with note and approved security. ELIZABETH CHAMBERLIN, Lewisburg, Feb. 25, 1863.

VENDUE.

WILL be sold, at the residence of the subscriber, in Lewisburg, on Saturday, April 4, 1863, the following personal property, to wit: 4 Horses, 2 Buggies, 1 Carriage, 1 two-horse Wagon, Harness, &c., also, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, Stands, 2 Stoves, and a variety of other Household and Kitchen Furniture.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when Terms of Sale will be made known by CHRIST. GEMBERLING, March 15, 1863.

KNOX FRUIT FARM & NURSERY.

FOR many years we have made the cultivation of SMALL FRUITS a specialty, and taking into account variety, quantity and quality, our stock of Vines and PLANTS OF GRAPES, STRAWBERRIES, BLACKBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, CURRANTS, &c., &c., is unequalled anywhere, which we offer on the most favorable terms. Parties wishing to purchase would do well to correspond with us, or send for our Price List, which will be sent to all applicants free of charge.

Our Seed Store and Horticultural House

is at No. 29 Fifth Street, where all articles belonging to such an establishment can be had of the best quality. J. KNOX, Box 155, Pittsburg, Pa. (1863)

THE partnership heretofore existing

between Wm. Van GAZAN and A. H. DILL, in the practice of the law, is this day dissolved. A. H. DILL, Lewisburg, Jan. 5, 1863.

R. A. ELLIS will open a Select School, at the Town Hall, Monday, April 6. Terms to suit the times. [March 20]

M. METZGER intends opening the usual Summer Term of Select School, on Monday, March 30. Terms of tuition vary from \$2.50 to \$3.75, according to studies pursued. No extras. [Lewisburg, March 13—63]

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters testamentary on the last will and testament of JAMES DALE, late of Lewisburg borough, Union county, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, by the Register of Union county, in due form of law; therefore all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement to the undersigned. T. H. WILSON, M.D., Ex'r. Lewisburg, March 12, 1863.

U. S. Internal Revenue!

14th Collection District, Penna.
NOTICE.—The Annual Assessment for the County of Union of all persons required to take out Licenses having been completed, notice is hereby given, that the taxes will be received daily (except on the days below specified) by the Deputy Collector, at his office at Union Furnace, on and after this date—March 10, 1863—until and including Saturday, the 28th day of the same. JESSE BEAVER, Deputy Collector.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of a writ of Pluries F. Fa., issued